

HOW TO REMEMBER NUMBERS

WHAT YOU'LL LEARN IN THIS MODULE

- The Major System for Memorizing Numbers
 - How to Convert Numbers into Images
- How To Memorize Numbers
- Creating a 2 Digit System







MEMORIZING NUMBERS

- Numbers seem hard to remember because they're abstract
 - They have no tangible meaning associated with them.
- So, the best way to remember numbers is to <u>convert them into images</u> that you can store in a Journey
- How do you do convert numbers into images?









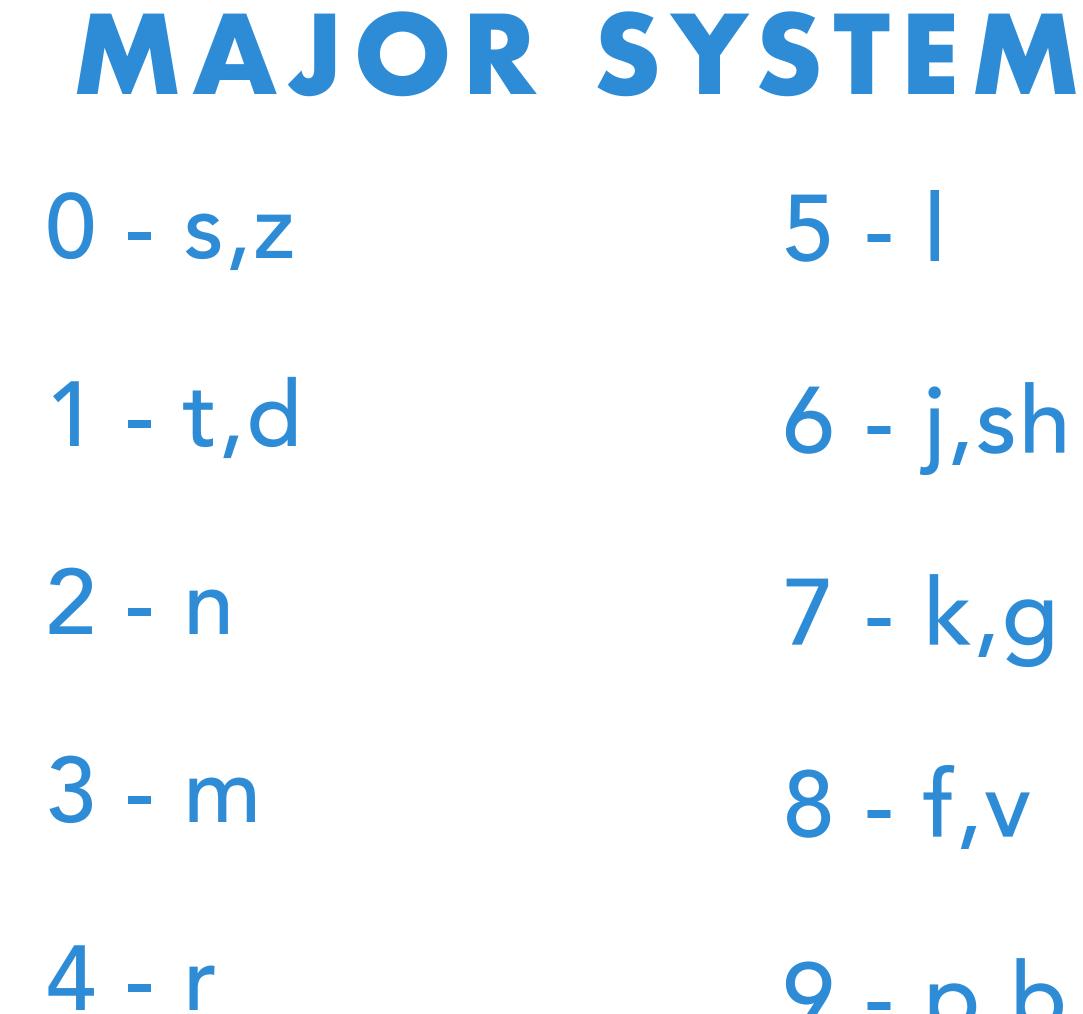
- The major system is a phonetic number system
- Each digit (0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9) has it's own consonant <u>sound</u>
- You turn numbers into consonant sounds. Those sounds form simple words.
- The simple words become images.
 - Example: 43 = RM = RaM =
- Let me show you...













9 - p,b



- 0 s,z <u>z</u>ero, sounds like "s"
- 1 t,d
 1 downstroke

- 4 r four





2 - n 2 downstrokes, "2" resembles sideways n

• 3 - m 3 downstrokes, "3" resembles sideways m





- 5 L = 50 in Roman Numerals
- 6 j, sh 6 looks like G(j = soft g sound)
- 7 k,g Klooks like two 7's on sides K
- 8 f,v "Eigure 8", cursive f old looks like 8
- 9 p,b "p" is mirror image of 9 and a flipped "b"





- When I first looked at the major system, I was extremely skeptical
- I thought it would never work and was a waste of time to learn it
- When I actually tried it, I learned all the consonant sounds in 10 minutes
- It's way, way easier than you think
- There's only 10 sounds you have to learn
- Once you learn it, you train your brain to "read" numbers as words







- How do we make a word out of #12?
- 1 = "t" (or "d") sound
- 2 = "n" sound
- 12 = "t" + "n"
 - Add vowel sounds (a,e,i,o,u) to make words.
- #12 could be "tan", "ton", "tin", or "tune"
- #12 could also be "<u>dine</u>", "<u>Dan</u>", "<u>dune</u>", or "<u>den</u>"



0: "S" (or "Z") <u>5</u>: "L" 1: "T" (or "D") 6: "J" (or "Sh") 2: "N" 3: "M" 4: "R"

7: "K" (or "G") 8: "F" (or "V") 9: "P" (or "B")



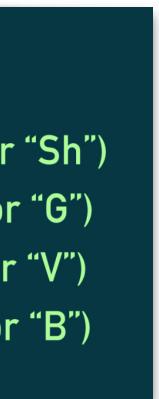


- Which word(s) make a good image to use?
 - "<u>tan</u>", "<u>ton</u>", "<u>tin</u>", "<u>tun</u>e", "<u>din</u>e", "<u>Dan</u>", "<u>dun</u>e", "<u>d</u>e<u>n</u>"
- I would choose "tin" or "dune"
 - image of a <u>tin can</u> or image of a <u>sand dune</u>
 - the other words don't make good mental images (tune, ton)



• To memorize the number "12", choose a word that makes a good image

0: "S" (or "Z")	5: "Ľ"
1: "T" (or "D")	6: "J" (or
2: "N"	7: "K" (o
3: "M"	8: "F" (oi
4: "R"	9: "P" (o







- Here are more examples:
 - 25 <u>NaiL</u>
 - 67 <u>Sh</u>aKe
 - 06 <u>SaSh</u>
 - 99 <u>Pi</u>Pe
 - 37 <u>MiKe</u> (person) or <u>MiC</u> (microphone)
 - noticed I used a "c" because it makes a hard "k" sound



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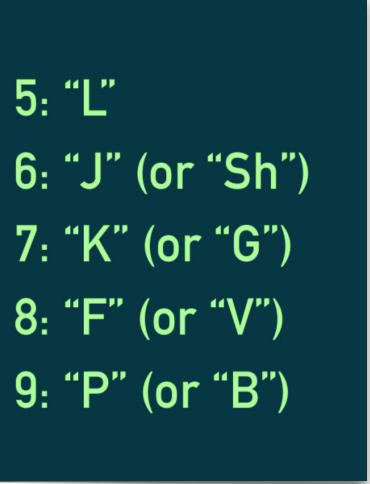
- 3 Unique Examples:
 - 1. 28 = NF = kNiFe
 - Knife doesn't start with the letter N. It's only the sound that matters.
 - 2. 95 = PL = aPPLe
 - Apple starts with a vowel "a", but the first <u>consonant</u> sound is still "p"
 - Also, notice there are 2 p's in apple. But together, they only make 1 "p" sound
 - 3. 63 = JM = GyM
 - G makes a J sound



0: "S" (or "Z") 5: "L" 1: "T" (or "D") 2: "N" 3: "M" 4: "R"

6: "J" (or "Sh") 7: "K" (or "G") 8: "F" (or "V")

Focus on the consonant SOUND, not the letter









- Review:
- Each number represents a consonant <u>sound</u>
- Add vowels between the consonants to make words
- Choose words that make good images
 - (#84) FiRe is better than FoR
 - You can mentally picture a fire. No image for the word "for".
 - (#17) TaCK is better than TaKe





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7: "K" (or "G") 8: "F" (or "V") 9: "P" (or "B")





NUMBERS TO IMAGE

- Number —> Consonant letter/sound —> Word —> Image







- To learn the major system:
 - Make 10 flashcards
 - Write one digit on front of the card and it's consonant sound on the back
 - Example: "4" on the front, "R" on the back
 - Practice both ways:
 - FRONT: See the digit and say the letter/sound.
 - BACK: See letter/sound and say digit.
 - Takes 10-20 minutes to learn



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5: "Ľ" 6: "J" (or "Sh") 7: "K" (or "G") 8: "F" (or "V") 9: "P" (or "B")

LEARNING THE MAJOR SYSTEM



CREATING A 2 DIGIT SYSTEM

- Once you know the consonant sound(s) for each digit by heart, you can memorize numbers 2 different ways:
 - 1) You convert numbers to images on the fly
 - Ex: 35 = m+l = MoLe or MaiL or MiLL (whatever you decide on the spot)
 - 2) Have a system, where every 2 digit number always has the same predetermined image.
 - Ex: 35 <u>always</u> represents a MoLe





MEXTLEVELMEMORY





CREATING A 2 DIGIT SYSTEM

- If you want to create a 2 digit system, download the spreadsheet on the numbers course page
- I've listed each 2 digit number from 00 to 99 and written in a predetermined image for each number
 - plus image for 1 digit #s (0-9)
 - You can change them, or use them all as listed
- Learn 10-20 each day and you have a number system!









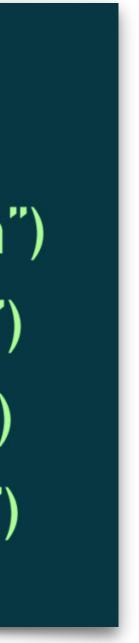
- To <u>memorize</u> the numbers (3574)
 - 1) Break the number up into 2 digit chunks
 - 35 = MoLe
 - 74 = CaR
 - 2) Attach your image(s) to your checkpoint in your Journey
 - You can put 1 image at each checkpoint:
 - 35 = MoLe at 1st checkpoint + 74 = CaR at 2nd checkpoint
 - Or, combine 2 images at each checkpoint:
 - 3574 = MoLe + CaR = Mole driving a Car



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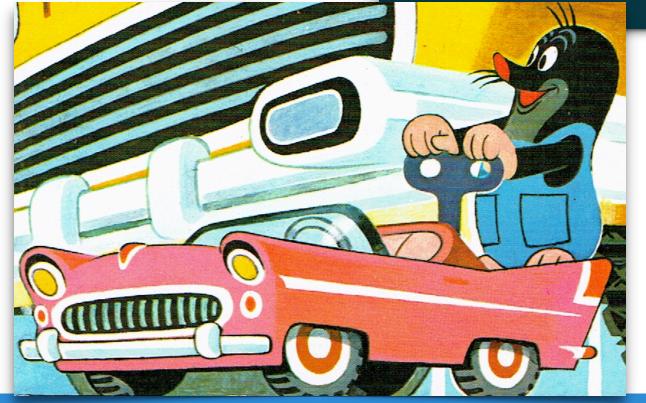
MEMORIZING





- 3574 = MoLe + CaR = Mole driving a Car
- If you combine 2 images per checkpoint, it's important to remember them in order
 - so you don't remember it backwards "7435"
- Order: Have the 1st image (Mole) doing something to the 2nd image (Car)
 - Example: Mole driving the car
 - If it was 7435 (Car running over Mole)







0: "S" (or "Z") 1: "T" (or "D") 2: "N" 3: "M" 4: "R"

5: "L" 6: "J" (or "Sh") 7: "K" (or "G") 8: "F" (or "V") 9: "P" (or "B")

MEMORIZING IN ORDER





MEMORIZING ODD NUMBER OF DIGITS

- With a 2 digit system...
- Create images for digits 0-9 (these are included in the downloadable spreadsheet)
 - 0 = <u>S</u>aw
 - 1 = Tea
 - 2 = kNee
 - 9 = Poo



0: "S" (or "Z") 5: "L" 1: "T" (or "D") 6: "J" (or "Sh") 2: "N" 7: "K" (or "G") 3: "M" 8: "F" (or "V")

4: "R"

9: "P" (or "B")

• If you memorize an odd number of digits (like 35741) there will be 1 digit at the end





- Major System: Each digit (0-9) has it's own consonant <u>sound</u>
- Convert numbers into sounds.
- Convert sounds into words. Use vowel sounds as filler letters.
- Convert the words into images.
 - Digits —> Consonant Sounds —> Words —> Images
- Learn all 10 consonant sounds (with flashcards)
- Create a 2 digit system or form words as you please







- Today: Learn the consonant sounds for each digit (0-9)
 - Download the Major System pdf
 - Create flashcards
 - <u>Practice</u>: Whenever you see a number (looking at a clock, etc.) say their consonant sounds
- Download the 2 digit system or create your own



ACTION ITEM

0: "S" (or "Z") <u>5</u>: "L" 1: "T" (or "D") 6: "J" (or "Sh") 2: "N" 7: "K" (or "G") 3: "M" 8: "F" (or "V") 4: "R" 9: "P" (or "B")



